

## Bogusz Piliczewski – 50 Jubilee Tourney

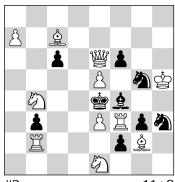
Award Judge: Bogusz Piliczewski

In my tourney I received 50 twomovers from 34 composers representing Azerbaijan, Spain, Hong Kong, Germany, Poland, Czech Republic, Russia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, USA, Ukraine and Italy.

I have made every effort to make my tournament as objective as possible. When assessing, I was primarily guided by the originality of the problem ideas, including their combinations. The second important criterion for me as an experienced solver was the difficulty of finding a solution. Thirdly, I evaluated the economy of the construction of the problem. Determining the order proved difficult because the submitted compositions represent various and frequently incomparable ideas. Another judge would probably determine a different order, and he would probably be right as well. Therefore, I apologize in advance to those authors who feel that their work has been rated too low.

I did not take into account the composition that I found insufficiently original: M. Banaszek <sup>1</sup>. From the rest, I have decided to distinguish the following problems.

1<sup>st</sup> Prize Marco Guida Anatoly Slesarenko



#2 11+9

1<sup>st</sup> Prize MARCO GUIDA (*Italy*), ANATOLY SLESARENKO (*Russia*)

In my opinion, the best composition in the competition. It is an example of the Burmistrov combination with the triple threat in the 1.\(\text{\psi}\)g4? thematic try. In the next three phases the defense 1...\(\text{\psi}\)xe3 is followed by mates from that try realizing the Le Grand theme three times. So far only our master W. Mazul has achieved this in the 90's \(^2\) and F. Pachl \(^3\). In the composition we also have cyclic dual avoidance in triplets (one real and two apparent), the triple Rudenko theme, the Dombrovskis paradox and the Harkov-2 theme. The problem is characterized by a vivid play, use of the battery, double check, pinning, blocking, interferences, line opening, and promotions. The refutations are rather brutal.

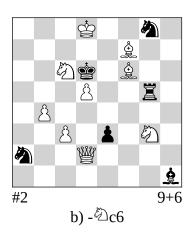
FEN: 8/P1B5/2p1Qp2/4P1nK/1N2kb2/1p2PRpn/1R3pB1/4N3

## 2<sup>nd</sup> Prize VASIL MARKOVCIJ



#2 8+12

# **3<sup>rd</sup> Prize**WALDEMAR TURA



#### 2<sup>nd</sup> **Prize** VASIL MARKOVCIJ (*Ukraine*)

The problem is a synthesis of various interferences. There are Grimshaw interference in the set-play and Nowotny in the 1.f7? try on the f7 square. On the e6 square we have Pickabish interference in the set-play and in the 1. \$\mathbb{\su}\$a7? try. In the solution white sacrifices the Knight on this square inducing the Romanian Nowotny interference. Moreover, the author realized the three-phase distributed Rukhlis in the composition. This combination of themes has been achieved three times so far \(^4\).

1... 全f7 2. 豐 xe7#; 1... 富f7 2. 豐 d4#; 1... 全e6 2. 豐 f4#; 1... e6 2. 豐 d4#; 1. ② xd7? ~ 2. 豐 e5#; 1... 全e6, exf6 2. 堂 f4#; 1... 富c5 2. 全 xc5#; 1... 全g3!; 1. 富a7? ~ 2. 墨 xd7#; 1... 全e6, exf6 2. 豐 f4#; 1... e6 2. 豐 d4#; 1... e5!; 1.f7? ~ 2. 豐 d4#, 豐 xe7#; 1... 豐 xa4 a 2. 豐 xe7# A; 1... 全 xg5 b 2. 豐 d4# B; 1... 全 xf7, 富c4, 富c5, 如b4, 豐 b3 2. 豐 xe7#; 1... e6, 富 xf7 2. 豐 d4#; 1... e5 2. 豐 g6#; 1... 豐 f3!; 1. fxe7? ~ 2. e8= ②, 豐 f4#; 1... 豐 xa4 a 2. e8 ② # C; 1... 富 xe7 c 2. 豐 xe7# A; 1... 全 f7 2. 豐 f4#; 1... 全 g3, 富 c4, 富 c5, 豐 f1, 豐 f3 2. e8= ② #; 1... 全 xg5!;

1. ②e6! ~ 2. 罩d4#, ᅌ f4#; 1... ᅌ xg5 b 2. 罩d4# D; 1...dxe6 d
2. 營d4# B; 1... ᅌ xe6 2. 營f4#; 1... ᅌ g3, 營c1, 營d2, 營f1, 營f3
2. 罩d4#; 1... 冨c4, � b4, 營b3, 營 xa4 2. ᅌ f4#; 1... 冨c5 2. ᅌ xc5#
FEN: 3K1Nb1/3pp2r/2pk1P2/6P1/R3Q1pb/2rpB3/n5B1/3q4

#### **3<sup>rd</sup> Prize** WALDEMAR TURA (*Poland*)

The author came up with an interesting idea to combine the Harkov and the Zuk themes (twin a) and the Latvian Nowotny (twin b). His concept is based on the mechanism of double threats and double refutations in the thematic tries, which leads to the transformation of these refutations into variations. So far, the only compositions with a similar idea (double Zuk theme) were composed by W. Mażul and D. Müller <sup>5</sup>. There is a change of mates after four thematic defences (twins a and b) in the discussed problem. In addition to that there is a Stocchi combination split between two twins.

a) 1... 2e7 2. 2xe7#; 1... 2xg3 2. 2e5#; 1. 2xe3? ~ 2. 2e6#, 2c5#; 1... 2xd5 2. 2e6#; 1... 2xd5 2. 2c5#; 1... 2xd5!; 1... 2xd5!; 1... 2xd5! a 2xd5! b; 1... 2a7? ~ 2. 2c8#, 2b5#; 1... 2xd5 2. 2f5#; 1... 2xd5 2. 2e4#; 1... 2xd5 a 2. 2e5# A; 1... 2xd5 b

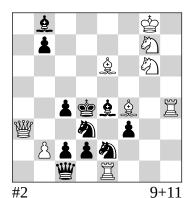
**1.**②a5! ~ 2.②b7#, ②c4#; 1... xd5 a 2.②f5# A; 1... xd5 b 2.②e4# B; 1... xf6 c 2.②c4# C; 1... xb4 d 2.②b7# D

b) -②c6; 1.豐h2? ~ 2.②f5#, ②e4#; 1...罩e5 2.②f5#; 1...瀏xb4 2.②e4#; 1...罩xg3 2.豐xg3#; 1...罩xd5! **a £**xd5! **b**;

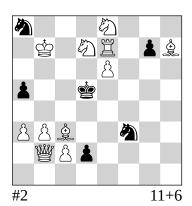
**1.**營**d4!** ~ 2.營c5#, 營b6#; 1...臺xd5 **a** 2.營b6# **E**; 1...臺xd5 **b** 2.營c5# **F**; 1...♠xf6 **c** 2.營xf6# **G**; 1...♠xb4 **d** 2.營xb4# **H** 

FEN: 3K2n1/5B2/2Nk1B2/3P2r1/1P6/2P1p1N1/n2Q4/7b

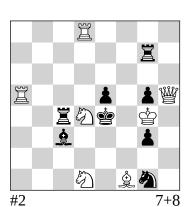
## **4<sup>th</sup> Prize** PAVEL MURASHEV



## 5<sup>th</sup> **Prize** Eugene Fomichev



1st Honourable Mention Victor Chepizhnyj Pavel Murashev



#### **4<sup>th</sup> Prize** PAVEL MURASHEV (*Russia*)

It is a problem combining the option with the Zagoruiko theme using an original mechanism of play of a white Bishop against black Knights. The composition also covers the 11th WCCT theme <sup>6</sup>. The first try does not work, because the black Bishop moves to f4 square, interfering with the white Rook. In the next two phases white gives an e3 flight and on that square the black King is mated with both black Knights pinned. It is worth emphasizing that the author created the problem without using a single capture.

1... 2g3 2. 2e3#; 1. 2xd2? ~ 2. 2f5#; 1... 2g3 a, Sef4 2. 2c3# A; 1... 2df4 b, 2b4 2. e3# B; 1... 2f4!; 1. 2c7? ~ 2. 2f5#; 1... 2g3 a 2. d6# C; 1... 2df4 b, 2b4 2. 2b6# D; 1... e3 2. 2b6#; 1... 2ef4!;

**1. 2 d6!** ~ 2. **2** f5#; 1... **2** g3 **a**, **2** ef4 2. **2 2** c3# **E**; 1... **2** df4 **b** 2. **2** c5# **F**; 1... **2** e3 2. **2** c5#

FEN: 1b4K1/1p4N1/4B1N1/8/2pkbB1R/Q2n1p2/1Pppn3/2q1R3

#### **5<sup>th</sup> Prize** EUGENE FOMICHEV (*Russia*)

It is an interesting concept that harmoniously combines white correction, option with the double Mäkihovi theme and dual avoidance after 1... **b**6 and 1...g6 defences. The Harkov, Bristol and Chernet themes are also included in this scheme. The author used a mechanism similar to that used by W. Mażul <sup>7</sup>, but with a very economical construction.

2. ②ef6# **D** (2. ②df6?); 1... ▲xe5 2. ₩xe5#

FEN: n3N3/1K1NR1pB/4P3/p2k4/8/PPB2n2/1QPp4/8

# ${f 1}^{ m st}$ Honourable Mention Victor Chepizhnyj (Rosja), Pavel Murashev (Rosja)

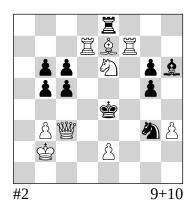
This elegant problem combines the themes of the option and Knight tour. The authors of this composition obtained an interesting play with closing lines, intereferences, creating battery and blocking squares in the economical construction without white pawns. The considered problem also covers the following themes: threat correction, Barnes, 11th WCCT, white combinations and B2 (Somov B2) in the 1. 5? try.

1.  $\bigcirc$  f5? ~ 2.  $\bigcirc$  xg3,  $\bigcirc$  d3#; 1...  $\bigcirc$  e2 2.  $\bigcirc$  g2#; 1...  $\bigcirc$  e1 2.  $\bigcirc$  d3#; 1...  $\bigcirc$  d7!; 1.  $\bigcirc$  e2? ~ 2.  $\bigcirc$  xg3#; 1...  $\bigcirc$  d7 2.  $\bigcirc$  g6#; 1...  $\bigcirc$  xe2 2.  $\bigcirc$  g2#; 1...  $\bigcirc$  e1!; 1.  $\bigcirc$  c2? ~ 2.  $\bigcirc$  d3#; 1...  $\bigcirc$  d4 2.  $\bigcirc$  xc3#; 1...  $\bigcirc$  d4!; 1.  $\bigcirc$  e6? ~ 2.  $\bigcirc$  d3#; 1...  $\bigcirc$  d4 2.  $\bigcirc$  c5#; 1...  $\bigcirc$  d4!; 1.  $\bigcirc$  c6? ~ 2.  $\bigcirc$  d3#; 1...  $\bigcirc$  d4 2.  $\bigcirc$  d2#; 1...  $\bigcirc$  d4 2.  $\bigcirc$  d2#; 1...  $\bigcirc$  d4 2.  $\bigcirc$  d2#; 1...  $\bigcirc$  d4 2.  $\bigcirc$  d6#; 1...  $\bigcirc$  d7!

**1.**②**b3!** ~ 2. ೩d3#; 1... \( \bar{2}\) d4 2. \( \Dar{2}\) c5#; 1... \( \bar{2}\) d4 2. \( \Dar{2}\) d2#; 1... \( \Bar{2}\) d7 2. \( \Bar{2}\) g6#; 1... \( \Bar{2}\) e2 2. \( \Bar{2}\) g2#

FEN: 3R4/6r1/8/R3p1pQ/2rNk1K1/2b3p1/8/3N1Bn1

## **2<sup>nd</sup> Honourable Mention**MIGUEL URIS



#### **2<sup>nd</sup> Honourable Mention** MIGUEL URIS (*Spain*)

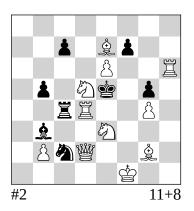
There is a simple change of mates in the first two tries. The next two phases, in which white gives a flight for the black King, form the synthesis of the reciprocal exchange of mates with double pseudo Fleck theme. This combination was obtained three times so far <sup>8</sup>. The whole problem is merged by an original, but quite symmetrical mechanism of the option theme.

1. ② xg5? ~ 2. 罩 f4#, 豐 e3#; 1... ② xe2 2. 豐 e3#; 1... ② g7 2. 罩 f4#; 1... ② f1 2. 罩 f4#; 1... ② xg5 2. ② xg5#; 1... 罩 f8 2. 豐 e3#; 1... ③ h5 2. 豐 e3#; 1... ② f5!; 1. ② xc5? ~ 2. 豐 e3#, 豐 d4#; 1... ② xe2 2. 豐 e3#; 1... ② g7 2. ② xg5#; 1... ② f1 2. 豐 d4#; 1... g4 2. 豐 d4#; 1... bxc5 2. ② xc5#; 1... ② f5!; 1. ② d6? ~ 2. 豐 d3#, 豐 f3#, 豐 e5#; 1... ② g7! c 1. ② f6! ~ 2. 豐 d3#, 豐 f3#, 豐 e5#; 1... ② xe2 b 2. 豐 d3# A; 1... ② xe2 b 2. 豐 e5#; 1... ② xe2 b 2. 豐 d3# A; 1... ② f5 2. 豐 e5#

FEN: 4r3/3RBR2/1pp1N1pb/1pp3p1/4k3/1PQ3nP/1K2P3/8

## 3<sup>rd</sup> Honourable Mention

Luis Gómez Palazón

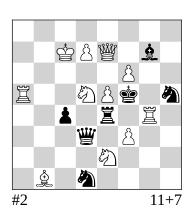


#### **3**<sup>rd</sup> **Honourable Mention** LUIS GÓMEZ PALAZÓN (*Spain*)

A problem on the threat-Zagorujko coherently related to the double Harkov-2 theme. The mechanism of the composition is based on the creation of batteries. In addition, we have the option key and capture of the Rook by three black figures, including the King.

1.②f4? ~ 2.童f6#; 1...②xd4 b 2.②d3#; 1...gxf4 2.量d5#; 1...墨xd4! a; 1.豐c3? ~ 2.墨e4# A; 1...墨xd4 a 2.豐xc7# B; 1...④xd4! b; 1.豐d3? ~ 2.豐e4# C; 1...墨xd4 a 2.豐f5# D; 1...f5! 1.豐e2! ~ 2.②xc2# E; 1...墨xd4 a 2.②c4# F; 1...④xd4 b 2.②xc4#; 1...Kxd4 2.②f5#; 1...墨c3 2.墨e4#; 1...④xe3+ 2.豐xe3# FEN: 8/2p1Bp2/4P2R/1p1Nk1p1/2rR2P1/1b2N3/1PnQ2B1/5K2

**4<sup>th</sup> Honourable Mention** ANATOLY VASYLENKO



#### **4<sup>th</sup> Honourable Mention** ANATOLY VASYLENKO (*Ukraine*)

It is a problem on the radical change theme: all defences, mates and defensive motifs change between the try and the solution. The play of the white half-battery and the use of a half-pin of the black Queen and Rook are interresting. In addition to that, there is an exchange between the first and the second white moves (pseudo reversal theme). The key is good giving a flight to the black King. 1. ②df4? B ~ 2. ③e6#; 1... ④xf4 2. ②g3#; 1... ⑤xf4 2. e6# A; 1... ⑥d6+ 2.exd6#; 1... ⑥xf4 2. ⑥xf4; 1... ⑥d5!

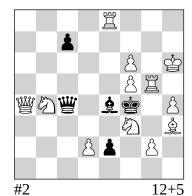
1.e6! A ~ 2. ②e3#; 1... ⑥e5 2. ⑥xf4; 1... ⑥xf4

2. ②df4# B; 1... ⑥xf4 2. ⑥xf4

FEN: 8/2KPQ1b1/5P2/R2NPk1n/2p1r1R1/3q1P2/4N3/1B1n4

#### 5<sup>th</sup> Honourable Mention

LUIS GÓMEZ PALAZÓN



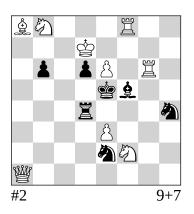
5<sup>th</sup> Honourable Mention Luis Gómez Palazón (*Spain*)

The main theme of the problem is the Stocchi combination. The author composed it utilizing for the first time for that purpose a mechanism known already in the nineteenth century <sup>9</sup>, with a masked half-pin of the black Queen and the Bishop. After one of these figures leaves, the white Knight mates by pinning indirectly at the same time the other black piece (Boros theme). In addition to that, there are the black correction, dual avoidance and the Mäkihovi themes.

**1.≦e5!** ~ 2.**≦**g4#; 1...**ዿ**xf3 **c** 2.**②**d3# **A**; 1...**ዿ**xf5 **d** 2.**②**d5# **B**; 1...**쌀**g8 2.**②**d3#

FEN: 4R3/2p5/5P1K/5PR1/QNq1bk1P/5N1B/3Pp1P1/8

# **1**<sup>st</sup> **Commendation**Daniil Yakimovich



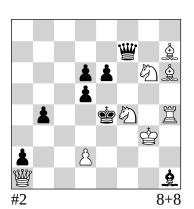
#### **1**<sup>st</sup> **Commendation** DANIIL YAKIMOVICH (*USA*)

The author composed a problem on a less common caprice theme with the effect of unpinning of the black Rook. He skillfully tied it to Barulin's defenses (Theme A) and Grimshaw interferences that we have mates from the try 1.  $\Xi$  g5? realizing the themes of Rudenko and pseudo Le Grand.

1. \( \begin{align\*} \begin{align\*} \begin{align\*} 2. \( \Delta \begin{align\*} \

1.營h1! ~ 2.②c6# **C**; 1... **2** e4 2.②g4# **A**; 1... **3** e4 2.②d3# **B**; 1... **3** c4 2.營d5#; 1... **2** xe6+ 2. **3** xe6#; 1... **3** f3, **3** g2 2.營h8# FEN: BN3R2/3K4/1p1pP1R1/4kb2/3r3n/4P3/4nN2/Q7

**2<sup>nd</sup> Commendation** Marjan Kovacević

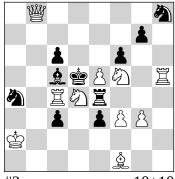


#### **2<sup>nd</sup> Commendation** MARJAN KOVACEVIĆ (*Serbia*)

The composition is based on the mechanism of white batteries. A good key gives a flight to the black King and creates a mixed battery. The problem involves the exchange of the play of the rear and front battery pieces: indirect battery mate (A), direct capture by the rear piece (B), double check (C), indirect mixed battery mate (D). In the first two variations of the set-play and solution, we have the reciprocal capture of the black Queen (AB-BA) with changed mates. There is a changed play (CD) and mates in the third variation.

FEN: 8/5q1B/3pp1NB/3p4/1p2kN1R/6K1/p2P4/Q6b

### 3<sup>rd</sup> Commendation DRAGAN STOJNIĆ VIDADI ZAMANOV



10+10 #2

## 3<sup>rd</sup> Commendation DRAGAN STOJNIĆ (Serbia), VIDADI ZAMANOV (Azerbaijan)

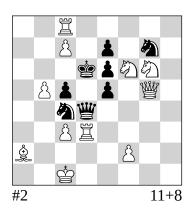
The problem uses the Dombrowskis theme based on defenses instead of refutations with the double threat in the try. The composition is harmoniously complemented by the double Harkov-2 and Rudenko themes. It should be emphasized that there is a good key that gives the King a free flight.

1. 2d3? ~ 2.fxe4#; 1... 2xd4 a 2. d6# C; 1... 2xe5 (2x) 2. ②xe3#; 1... **2** d6 2. <sup>™</sup> xd6#; 1... <sup>™</sup> xd4! **b**; 1. <sup>™</sup> e8? ~ 2. <sup>™</sup> e6#; 1... **≜** xd4! **a**; 1.exf6? ~ 2. ②e7# **A**, ②xe3# **B**; 1... **≜** xd4 **a** 2. ≝d6# C; 1... \( \bar{Z}\) xd4 \( \bar{b}\) 2. \( \D\) xg7# \( \D\); 1... \( \Bar{Z}\) e5 2. \( \D\) xe3#; 1...e2 2. \( \D\) e3#;

**1.**  $\underline{\ }^{\omega}$ **c8!** ~ 2.  $\underline{\ }^{\omega}$ **e6#**; 1...  $\underline{\ }^{\omega}$ **xd4 a** 2.  $\underline{\ }^{\omega}$ **e7# A**; 1...  $\underline{\ }^{\omega}$ **xd4 b** 2.  $\underline{\ }^{\omega}$ **xe3# B**; 1... **□** xe5 2. **□** xc6#; 1... **□** xe5 2. **□** e6#

FEN: 1Q5n/6p1/2p2p2/2bkPN1R/n1RNr3/2p1pPP1/K7/5B2

## 4th Commendation ALEKSANDR PANKRATIEV



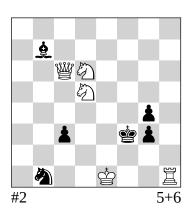
## **4**<sup>th</sup> **Commendation** ALEKSANDR PANKRATIEV (*Russia*)

Single phase problem on the third degree black correction. A great key, sacrificing the Knight and giving two flights to the black King, forms a masked battery that indirectly mates the black King with a front piece, beating the released and three-time checking black Queen (theme of Anderssen and a black-white duel). In the next three variations, blacks captures the white Knight on the d5 field with three of their pieces. The author used the well-known mechanism 10, adding variations with the checking queen, capture of the Knight by a black pawn and improving the key.

**1.②d5!** ~ 2.  $\mathbb{Z}$ d8#; 1...  $\mathbb{Y}$ f4+ 2.  $\mathbb{Q}$ dxf4#; 1...  $\mathbb{Y}$ e3+ 2.  $\mathbb{Q}$ xe3#; 1... ≝xc3+ 2. ∅xc3#; 1... €xd5 2. ≝xe5#; 1...exd5 2. ≝xe7#; 1... ₩xd5 2. ₩xe7#; 1... ♠b6 2. ₩xe7#; 1... ♠d7 2. ☒d8#

FEN: 2R5/2P1p1n1/3kpNN1/1Pp1p1Q1/2nq4/2PR4/B4P2/2K5

## 5<sup>th</sup> Commendation Andrzej Babiarz



#### 5<sup>th</sup> Commendation ANDRZEJ BABIARZ (*Poland*)

Meredith on the theme of Karlström-Fleck with the mating castling in the try and the solution, and changed mates. Until now, the only similar problem was composed by K. Moen <sup>11</sup> (but with a

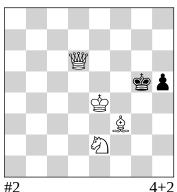
1. ₩b5? ~ 2.O-O#, ₩f1#, ₩e2#; 1... **2** a6 2.O-O#; 1... **2** g2 2. ₩f1#; 1... **a**d2 2. **a**e2#; 1...g2 2. **a**d3#; 1... **a**xd5!

**1.≝e8!** ~ 2.O-O#, **≝**e4#, **≝**e2#; 1...**\$**xd5 2.O-O#; 1...**\***g2 2. ₩e4#; 1... **2** a6 2. ₩e4#; 1... **2** d2 2. ₩e2#; 1...g2 2. ₩e3#

FEN: 8/1b6/2QN4/3N4/6p1/2p2kp1/8/1n2K2R

#### **Miniatures**

**Prize**Waldemar Tura



b) <sup>₩</sup>d6 → f8

c) **\$\ding\$**e4 → b4

d) =c)  $\stackrel{\text{de}}{=}$  g5  $\rightarrow$  c2

e)  $\triangleq h5 \rightarrow c5$ 

f) =e)  $\bigcirc$  e2  $\rightarrow$  c4

## Prize WALDEMAR TURA (Poland)

With such small material, the author realized the theme of Zagoruiko (4x2) with a five-fold change of the mate after 1... \$\cong 14\$ h4 continuation. A similar idea was realized by Ján Valuška 12, but with checking keys. In addition, the problem includes the Dombrovskis paradox, the option theme and anti-reversal. The twins are patchy but acceptable.

a) **1.**2**g1!** 1... **a** h4 **a** 2. **b** f4# **A**; 1...h4 **b** 2. **b** h3# **B**;

b) \( \end{a} \) d6 \( \rightarrow f8 \) 1.\( \end{a} \) 1..\( \end{a} \) 1..\( \end{a} \) 1..\( \end{a} \) 1..\( \end{a} \) 2.\( \end{a} \) g7#\( \end{b} \) 1..\( \end{a} \) 1..\( \end{a} \) 1..\( \end{a} \) 1..\( \end{a} \) 2.\( \end{a} \) g7#\( \end{b} \) 2.\( \end{a} \) g7#\( \end{b} \) 1..\( \end{a} \) 1..\( \end{a} \) 1..\( \end{a} \) 2.\( \end{a} \) g7#\( \end{b} \) 2.\( \end{g} \) g7#\( \end{b} \) 1..\( \end{a} \) 1..\( \end{a} \) 2.\( \end{g} \) g7#\( \end{b} \) 3.\( \end{g} \)

c) \$\mathrepsilon\equiv e4 \rightarrow\b4 \b1. \alpha\e4! \rightarrow 2. \$\mathrepsilon\equiv f4#; \ 1...\alpha\h4 \alpha \ 2. \$\mathrepsilon\gamma g3# \bar{\textbf{E}}; \ 1...\h4 \b2. \$\mathrepsilon\gamma g4 \ 2. \$\mathrepsilon\gamma g3#; \]

d) =c) **\***g5 → c2 **1. \***a3! 1...h4 **b** (~) 2. **\***e4# **G**; 1... **\***b1 2. **\***d1#;

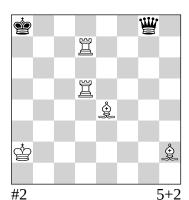
e)  $^{\blacktriangle}h5 \rightarrow c5$ ; 1.  $^{\clubsuit}e5! \sim 2$ .  $^{\mathbb{M}}f6\#$ ; 1...  $^{\clubsuit}h4$  a 2.  $^{\mathbb{M}}h6\#$  H;

f) =e)  $2 \rightarrow c4$  1. e6! h4 a 2. g4# I.

FEN: 8/8/3Q4/6kp/4K3/5B2/4N3/8

## 1st Honourable Mention

VALERIU GIURGEAN



...2 b) \$\displace{2} a2 \rightarrow \displace{2} g8

#### 1<sup>st</sup> Honourable Mention VALERIU GIURGEAN (Romania)

The author modified the known mechanism <sup>13</sup>, achieving in both twins triple dual avoidance of the battery firing at the black King. In addition, the composition includes a black-and-white and black-and-black duel, option and transferred mates.

a) 1.曾a3? ~ 2.罩a5#; 1...豐f8+ 2.罩c5#; 1...豐xd5 2.彙xd5#; 1...豐g3+!; 1...豐g1+ 2.罩d1#; 1...豐g3 2.罩b5#; 1...豐xd5 2.彙xd5#; 1...豐b8+!;

1.**含a1!** ~ 2.罩a5#; 1...豐h8+ 2.罩d4#; 1...豐g7+ 2.罩d4# (罩d1?, 罩b5?); 1...豐g1+ 2.罩d1# (罩b5?, 罩d4?); 1...豐g3 2.罩b5# (罩d4?, 罩d1?); 1...豐xd5 2.彙xd5#

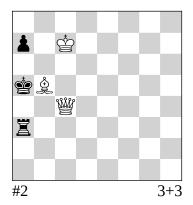
b) \( \phi a2 \righta \) \( \psi g8; \) 1. \( \beta f7? \) \( \cdot 2. \beta a5#; \) \( \beta d8#; \) 1...\( \beta xd5 #; \) 1...\( \beta xd5 +; \) 1...\( \bet

1.**曾f8!** ~ 2.**罩**a5#; 1...**豐**a3+ 2.**罩**c5# (**罩**f5?, **罩**b5?); 1...**豐**f2+ 2.**罩**f5# (**罩**b5?, **罩**c5?); 1...**豐**xh2 2.**罩**b5# (**罩**c5?, **罩**f5?); 1...**豐**xd5 2.**②**xd5#

FEN: k5q1/3R4/8/3R4/4B3/8/K6B/8

#### **2<sup>nd</sup> Honourable Mention**

VASIL MARKOVCIJ VYACHESLAV PILCHENKO



#### 2<sup>nd</sup> Honourable Mention VASIL MARKOVCIJ (Ukraine),

VYACHESLAV PILCHENKO (Russia)

The first try realizes the theme of reciprocal black correction (Feldmann-1 theme). In the second try, black defends himself by pinning the white Queen, so in the solution, white makes a corrected Bishop move to avoid this pinning (white correction, theme of the 10<sup>th</sup> WCCT <sup>14</sup>). The authors used the known mechanism <sup>15</sup>, but extended it by adding the try 1. \(\delta\) d7? and a new solution.

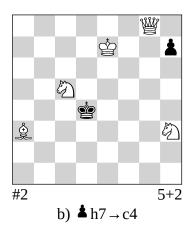
1.曾c6?; 1...罩~3 2.豐a4# A; 1...罩c3 2.豐xc3# B; 1...罩a~ 2.豐c3# B; 1...罩a4 2.豐xa4# A; 1...a6!; 1.彙d7(彙e8)? ~ 2.豐b5#; 1...罩b3 2.豐a4#; 1...a6 2.豐c5#; 1...Rc3!

**1. 2. 6!** ~ 2. **b**5#; 1... **a**b3 2. **a**4#; 1...a6 2. **c**5#

FEN: 8/p1K5/8/kB6/2Q5/r7/8/8

## Commendation

ANDRZEJ BABIARZ



## **Commendation** Andrzej Babiarz (*Poland*)

The theme of the composition is the option of the Queen, which then mates. In the first twin, white gives the black King two flights. The second twin is a black-white duel.

a) 1. ₩d8?+; 1... ♣e5!; 1. ₩g4?+ ♣e3 2. ♣c1#; 1... ♣c3!;

1. ₩xh7! 1... ♣c4, ♣e3, ♣c3 2. ₩d3#; 1... ♣d5, ♣e5 2. ₩e4#;

b) ♣h7→c4; 1. ₩g4?+ ♣d5 2. ₩e4#; 1... ♣e3 2. ♣c1; 1... ♣c3!;

1. ₩g3? ♠d5 2. ₩d6#; 1...c3!; 1. ₩e6? c3 2. ₩e4#; ♠c3!

1. ₩g2! ♠e3 2. ₩f2#; 1... ♠c3 2. ₩b2#; 1... ♠e5 2. ₩e4; 1...c3

2. ₩e4#.

FEN: 6Q1/4K2p/8/2N5/3k4/B6N/8/8

I would like to thank all the composers who took part in my competition and congratulate the winners. Comments will be accepted within two months from the date of publication of the award.

Gdańsk, December 15, 2021

Judge Bogusz Piliczewski International Solving Master of the FIDE national candidate master for chess composition

The descriptions of themes used in the award are available at my Problemista blog: https://problemista.eu/

#### **Participants:**

FIRST AND LAST NAME in the Latin alphabet (in the native alphabet) (*Country – number of problems*) international title

Andrzej Babiarz (*Poland* – 4)

MARCIN BANASZEK (Germany – 1)

VICTOR СНЕРІZHNYJ (Виктор Чепижный) (Russia – 1\*) GM

MYKOLA CHERNIAVSKYI (Микола Чернявський) (Ukraine – 1\*)

OVIDIU CRĂCIUN (Romania – 1)

UDO DEGENER (Germany - 2) GM

VASIL ĎAČUK (Василь Дячук) (Slovakia – 1\*) GM

EVGENIJ FOMICHEV (Евгений Фомичёв) (Russia – 1) GM

MARIAN FRAK (*Poland* – 2)

EVGEN GAVRILIV (Євген Гаврилив) (Ukraine – 1)

VALERIU GIURGEAN (Romania – 1)

MARCO GUIDA (Italy – 1\*) IM

PETER GVOZDJÁK (Slovakia – 1\*) GM

EDISON YIFENG HE (Hong Kong – 1)

SALMAN JAVADZADE (Salman Cavadzadə) (*Azerbaijan* – 2)

FEDIR KAPUSTIN (Федір Капустін) (Ukraine − 1\*)

MARJAN KOVAČEVIĆ (Марјан Ковачевић) (Serbia – 1) GM

ZOLTAN LABAI (Slovakia – 1+2\*) IM

VASIL MARKOVCIJ (Василь Марковцій) (Ukraine – 2+1\*) ІМ

STEFAN MILEWSKI (Poland – 2)

KAROL MLYNKA (Slovakia – 1) FM

PAVEL MURASHEV (Павел Мурашёв) (Russia – 1+1\*) IM

ALEKSANDR PANKRATIEV (Александр Панкратьев) (Russia – 3) IM

Luis Gómez Palazón (Spain – 3)

STEFAN PARZUCH (*Poland* – 2)

VYACHESLAV PILCHENKO (Вячеслав Пильченко) (Russia - 1\*) GM

ANATOLY SLESARENKO (Анатолий Слесаренко) (Russia – 1+1\*) GM

DRAGAN STOJNIĆ (Драган Стојнић) (Serbia – 1\*) GM

MIROSLAV SVITEK (Czech Republic – 1+1\*)

WALDEMAR TURA (Poland – 2) GM

MIGUEL URIS (Spain – 2)

ANATOLY VASYLENKO (Анатолій Василенко) (Ukraine – 2) ІМ

DANIIL YAKIMOVICH (Даниил Якимович) (USA - 2)

VIDADI ZAMANOV (Azerbaijan - 2\*)

\* - joint problems

- 1 Юрий Вахлаков, Всероссийский конкурс, 1963, 1<sup>st</sup> Prize: https://www.yacpdb.org/#26251
- Waldemar Mażul, Wola Gułowska, 1993, 1<sup>st</sup> Prize: https://yacpdb.org/#16517 Waldemar Mażul, The Problemist, May 1999, 3<sup>rd</sup> Prize: https://yacpdb.org/#16551
- 3 Franz Pachl, Neue Zürcher Zeitung, 16 Feb 2001, 2<sup>nd</sup> Prize: https://yacpdb.org/#315953
- 4 Hendrik Prins, Johann van Gool, The Problemist, 1985, 1<sup>st</sup> Honourable Mention: https://yacpdb.org/#30696 Jan Hartong, Meindert Niemeijer, Hendrik Prins, De Waarheid, 1985, 1<sup>st</sup> Prize: https://yacpdb.org/#10050 Christopher Reeves, Sunday Citizen, 1966:

http://schach-udo.de/search5.php?search=221369&spalten=ProblemNr&submit=Suche

5 Waldemar Mażul, Wola Gułowska, 1998, 2<sup>nd</sup>-3<sup>rd</sup> Prize:

http://schach-udo.de/search5.php?search=29439&spalten=ProblemNr&submit=Suche Dieter Müller, Sächsische Zeitung, 2003, 2<sup>nd</sup> Prize:

http://schach-udo.de/search5.php?search=66852&spalten=ProblemNr&submit=Suche

6 The 11<sup>th</sup> WCCT theme for twomovers is described at:

https://www.wfcc.ch/wp-content/uploads/WCCT-11-announcement.pdf

7 Waldemar Mażul, Probleemblad, November-December, 1999:

http://schach-udo.de/search5.php?search=47314&spalten=ProblemNr&submit=Suche

Peter Gvozdják, 6th TT Mat-Pat, 1994, 1<sup>st</sup> Prize: https://yacpdb.org/#9661 Peter Gvozdják, 6th TT Mat-Pat, 1994, Special Prize: https://yacpdb.org/#103835 Paz Einat, Problem, 1980:

http://schach-udo.de/search5.php?search=104577&spalten=ProblemNr&submit=Suche

- 9 Frank Janet, College Mercury, 1892: https://yacpdb.org/#220172
- 10 Newman Guttman, U.S. Problem Bulletin, 1991: https://yacpdb.org/#9614
- 11 Kabe Moen, SuperProblem, 28 Feb 2018: https://yacpdb.org/#467255
- 12 Ján Valuška, Minimat, June, 1970: https://yacpdb.org/#26345
- 13 Charles Pelle, Pat, 1933: WinChloe: 555033
- 14 The 10<sup>th</sup> WCCT theme for twomovers is described at:

https://www.wfcc.ch/wp-content/uploads/WCCT-10\_announcement.pdf

15 Michael Lipton, The Problemist, Sep 1995, Commendation: https://yacpdb.org/#155293